ECE 1508: Applied Deep Learning

Chapter 1: Preliminaries

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Deep Learning More than Ever

Deep learning is turning into an unbeatable champion

- It has achieved accuracy levels in image classification, restoration, and segmentation that surpass human capabilities
- It can create human-like conversational dialogues and respond to scientific and technical questions
- It can beat world-class chess players
- It has solved problems that had not been effectively addressed for a long time

We all have items to add to this list!

The Unbeatable: AlexNet \to ResNet

Image recognition has been one of the first problems in Al

we want the machine to recognize what in an image is

- Yann LeCun proposed LeNet in 1998
- In 2010, ImageNet started the annual contest
 ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge
 - → AlexNet (2012) → VGG and GoogLeNet (2014) → ResNet (2015)
- Currently, we have much deeper and advanced neural networks

We will get what these networks are and do in this course

The Unbeatable: AlexNet \to ResNet

In February 2015, first Microsoft and then Google announced that

their deep neural networks beat human accuracy in image recognition



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Microsoft, Google Beat Humans at Image Recognition

By R. Colin Johnson 02.18.2015 🔲 0

The Unbeatable: ChatGPT

Making a human-like dialogues had been another fundamental problem in Al

□ ChatGPT broke the record of fastest-growing software in history



The Unbeatable: AlphaZero

Computers playing chess: a long-going goal in Al

- 1951: Alan Turing designed a program that plays chess
- 1989: Gary Kasparov defeated IBM's Deep Thought
- 1996: Gary Kasparov defeated IBM's Deep Blue
- 1997: IBM's Deep Blue defeated Gary Kasparov
- 2005: Ruslan Ponomariov was the last person beating AI chess player
- 2017: DeepMind released AlphaZero algorithm

 - □ After 24 hours of training it defeated Stockfish chess engine
- Even newer AI chess players, e.g., Leela Chess Zero (2019)

The Unbeatable: Neural Machine Translation

Most translator machines were unreliable until Al kicked in!

- Computer-based translation is a research topic since 1950s
- In 2000s, statistical machine translation (SMT) became dominant
- In 2010s, neural machine translation (NMT) showed great potentials
 - □ Baidu launched first large scale NMT in 2015
 - Google introduced its NMT called GNMT in 2016
 - □ DeepL was launched in 2017
- And again: lots of NMT nowadays are getting developed!

Notion of Deep Learning

Glum starts this conversation

- + Well! Nice examples! But, what exactly is this Deep Learning?
- Deep Learning refers to the subset of <u>Machine Learning</u> that uses
 <u>Deep Neural Networks</u> to execute a given <u>learning</u> task
- + Wait a moment! The only thing that I understood is that Deep Learning is a form of Machine Learning! But,
 - what is Machine Learning itself?
 - what are Neural Networks in the first place? Before we talk about their "deep" version
 - what do you mean by a "learning task"?
- We are going to understand all of them!
 - First, we start with the concept of Machine Learning